TFS Product

Dynamic Thermal Filtration

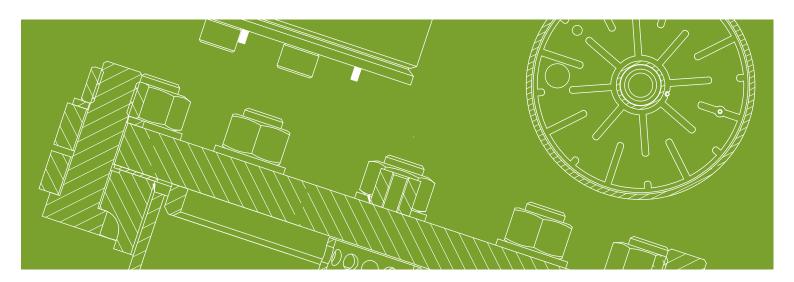
Applying in-depth knowledge of the changes in chemistry that occur during fluid degradation to recover fluids on-line to their original specification.

New, Innovative Filtration Method

By mimicking the conditions required to change the state of the fluids between solid, liquid, and gaseous state, we can now remove the longer, heavier chemistry typically associated with solids, sludges, and discolouration while operators continue to run their plants. Only with an understanding of the chemistry changes that occur can we successfully remove fractions that simply do not exist at operating temperatures, and with the changes in saturation that occur with temperature change, we can accelerate this process further.

How Does It Work?

The 'high-boilers' or solids saturation characteristics of thermal fluids are temperature dependent. Our Dynamic Thermal Filtration technology changes fluid temperatures within the process to maximise filtration efficacy, removing solid particles by matching the filtration temperature depending on the saturation characteristics of the contaminant, solid, or high boiler, and not the host fluid, delivering results that are impossible at operational temperatures where these fluid components...



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Features

Autonomy: a stand-alone system, it operates as a side stream to your process.

Control: it is supplied complete with computer-controlled secondary circuit and cooling to meet the temperatures required for optimum separation.

Information: HMI control provides users with the status of the operation.

Safety: the system is fully rated and protected.

Remove solids, carbons, sludges and high boilers.

High Boilers

A build-up of 'High Boilers' results in:

- Increased viscosity and reduced heat transfercapability of the fluid
- · Reduced performance of process heatexchangers
- A reduction in flow reducing heat transfer and increased process temperature deviations
- Increased pumping costs
- Increased maintenance costs due to pumpmechanical seal failures and the need to clear and clean control and safety device lines
- Reduced safety (devices are prone to falsereadings due to blocked lines and floats)
- Increased likelihood of heater coil failures andruptures.
- Increased levels of Carcinogens

The removal of 'High Boilers' is a critical step in maintaining a healthy, safe and efficient system.

Performance

The technology for the separation of high boilers and fluid against temperature has been well proven and documented. Trials using fluids with known levels of high boilers in saturation have been conclusive, even when the solids are tested to be <6 micron when out of solution:

Fluid Type	Initial High Boilers	Volume Separation (Litres)	Trial Period (Hours)	Viscosity Reduction	High Boilers Reduction
Mineral Oil	0.97%	1000	10	1.3%	22.79%
Synthetic Fluid	1.96%	1000	10	2.20%	15.21%

The improvements of system performance are immediate.

World class sampling, testing & analysis

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